

GEO 4024C/AFS 4935: Terrorism and Space

University of Florida - Department of Geography Spring 2022

Credits: 3. Prerequisites: Any course with a GIS prefix
Class Number: 30470. This course if offered in person on Tuesday 10:40-11:30 AM and
Thursday 10:40-12:35 PM (James W. Norman Hall 3035)
Updated: December 14, 2021

Instructor

Dr. Olivier J. Walther, Department of Geography, 3205 Turlington Hall, (352) 273-4739, owalther@ufl.edu. Office hours: Tuesday 2:25 PM - 4:25 PM or by appointment.

Overview

Space is a fundamental dimension of terrorism. Geography not only provides the physical framework upon which terrorism attacks are conducted but also shapes the strategies of political actors. Space can act as a facilitating or constraining factor of terrorism as well as a source of dispute when states and terrorist organizations fight over territory. Space can also enable conflicts to spread geographically, possibly across borders, as in the Middle East and West Africa today. The interest for the geography of terrorism has experienced a strong growth after 9/11 and the emergence of global Jihadist organizations such as Al-Qaeda or the Islamic State whose space of action and rhetoric contrasts with the local agenda of most terrorist organizations.

Against this background, the objective of *Terrorism and Space* is to introduce you to the systemic study of international terrorism and its spatial implications. The course will critically discuss the dual concerns for geography as an influence on and a source of terrorism. We will first discuss the origins of contemporary terrorism as well as the various motivations of ideologically-oriented, ethno-nationalist, and religious organizations. After providing a theoretical foundation, we will examine how a spatial approach can contribute to better understand the diffusion of terrorist organizations across the world, with a particular focus on Africa.

Terrorism and Space puts a strong emphasis on using geographically-referenced data to map the types of factors that fuel international terrorism. Nine workshops will be organized to introduce you to spatial analysis, a rapidly growing field of research in geography and conflict studies. We will apply some of the most fundamental tools developed by spatial analysis, such as density or clustering, to investigate the onset and diffusion of terrorism across time and space. You will also be able to identify how terrorist organizations make use of places, distance, identity, territories and borders to conduct their attacks. Finally, you will be able to collect and analyze your own data using one of the most comprehensive databases on violent incidents in the world. These skills are in high demand in government jobs, international organizations, and in the private sector.

Schedule and readings

Week	Tuesday	Thursday
Jan 6	/	Course introduction. Defining terrorism
		(Hoffman 2017, 36-44)
Jan 11,	The origins of contemporary	The internationalization of terrorism
13	terrorism (Hoffman 2017, chap. 2)	(Hoffman 2017, chap 3)
Jan 18,	State-sponsored terrorism (Hoffman	Workshop 1. Terrorism databases (Bowie
20	2017: 269-280)	and Schmid 2011)
Jan 25,	The threat of Al Qaeda (Sciolino and	Workshop 2. Working with ACLED data
27	Schmitt 2008)	(Raleigh et al. 2010)
Feb 1,	Causes of terrorism (Hoffman 2017:	Workshop 3. Working with ACLED data
3	298-314; Sageman 2008: 16-24)	(ACLED 2020)
Feb 8,	Religion and terrorism	Workshop 4. Mapping ACLED data
10	(Hoffman 2017, 83-100)	(ACLED 2020)
Feb 15,	Jihad and global Islam	Workshop 5. GIS and geospatial data
17	(Mandaville 2020, 328-349)	(Medina and Hepner 2013, chap. 4)
Feb 22,	The crime-terrorism nexus	Guest lecture
24	(Petrich 2021)	
Mar 1,	The structure of terrorist networks	Dismantling terrorist networks (Price
3	(Krebs 2002)	2019) Mid-term paper due March 6 at
		11:59PM
Mar 15,	Terrorism, space and place	Workshop 6. Mapping places with ArcGIS
17	(Medina and Hepner 2013: 23-32)	(Medina et al. 2011)
Mar 22,	Terrorism and distance: the near and	Workshop 7. Mapping point patterns with
24	far enemy (Hafez 2011)	ArcGIS (Medina and Hepner 2008)
Mar 29,	Terrorism and identity: Boko Haram	Terrorism and identity: Al Qaeda in the
31	(Curiel et al. 2020)	Islamic Maghreb (Bøås et al. 2020)
Apr 5,	Terrorism and borders (D'Amato	Workshop 8. Mapping transnational actors
7	2018)	with ArcGIS (OECD 2020: 17-30)
Apr 12,	Guest lecture	Workshop 9. Mapping the intensity and
14		diffusion of violence with ArcGIS (OECD
		2020: 61-76)
Apr 19	Course overview, questions and	/
	answers Final paper due April 20 at	
	11:59PM	

Final grade

Total	100 points
Final paper	50 points
Mid-term paper	40 points
Attendance and participation	10 points

The major assessment components of this course include:

- Regular attendance and participation. Students are expected to be at every class meeting throughout the entire class session, and must not be reading other materials or use their cell phones. Participation entails responding to questions directed by the instructor and participating in peer-initiated discussions as well.
- Mid-term paper (2000-2200 words). In this descriptive paper, you will use the existing literature to discuss the origins, ideology, objectives, strategy and challenges of a terrorist organization of your choice. The selected organization must be active in 2021-22. For more information, see "How to write your mid-term paper" on Canvas. The mid-term paper is due March 6 at 11:59PM on Canvas.
- Final paper (4000-4200 words). This analytical paper will use the ACLED dataset to map and critically discuss the temporal and spatial evolution of an active terrorist organization in the world. For more information, see "How to write your final paper" on <u>Canvas</u>. The final paper is due **April 20 at 11:59PM on Canvas**.

Letter grades will be assigned according to the following numerical scale:

A: 93-100+, A-: 90-92, B+: 87-89, B: 83-86, B-: 80-82, C+: 77-79, C: 73-76, C-: 70-72, D+: 67-69, D: 63-66, D-: 60-62, E: <60, E1: stopped attending, I: incomplete. For more information, visit UF's Grading Policies.

Literature

ACLED (2020). Armed Conflict Location and Event Dataset Codebook, https://acleddata.com/resources/general-guides/

Bøås, M., Cissé, A. W., & Mahamane, L. (2020). Explaining Violence in Tillabéri: Insurgent Appropriation of Local Grievances? *The International Spectator*, 55(4), 118-132.

Bowie, N. G., & Schmid, A. P. (2011). Databases on terrorism. In *The Routledge Handbook of Terrorism Research*. New York, Routledge, 312-358.

Curiel, R. P., Walther, O. & O'Clery, N. (2020). Uncovering the internal structure of Boko Haram through its mobility patterns. *Applied Network Science*, 5(1), 1-23.

D'Amato, S. (2018). Terrorists going transnational: rethinking the role of states in the case of AQIM and Boko Haram. *Critical Studies on Terrorism*, 11(1), 151-172.

Hafez, M. M. (2011). Takfir and violence against Muslims. In *Fault Lines in Global Jihad*. London, Routledge, 41-62.

Hoffman, B (2017). *Inside Terrorism*. New York, Columbia University Press.

Krebs, V. (2002). Mapping networks of terrorist cells. *Connections*, 24(3), 43-52.

Mandaville, P. (2020). Islam and Politics. London, Routledge.

- Medina, R. M., & Hepner, G. F. (2011). Advancing the understanding of sociospatial dependencies in terrorist networks. *Transactions in GIS*, 15(5), 577-597.
- Medina, R. M., Siebeneck, L. K., & Hepner, G. F. (2011). A geographic information systems (GIS) analysis of spatiotemporal patterns of terrorist incidents in Iraq 2004–2009. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 34(11), 862-882.
- Medina, R., & Hepner, G. (2008). Geospatial analysis of dynamic terrorist networks. In *Values and Violence: Intangible Aspects of Terrorism*. Springer, Berlin: 151-167.
- Medina, R. & Hepner, G.F. (2013). *The Geography of International Terrorism. An Introduction to Spaces and Places of Violent Non-State Groups*. Boca Raton, CRC Press.
- OECD (2020). The Geography of Conflict in North and West Africa. Paris, OECD.
- Petrich, K. (2021). The Crime–Terror Nexus. In Oxford Research Encyclopedia of International Studies.
- Pinos, J., & M. Radil, S. (2020). The territorial contours of terrorism: A conceptual model of territory for non-state violence. *Terrorism and political violence*, 32(5), 1027-1046.
- Price, B. C. (2019). Targeting top terrorists: How leadership decapitation contributes to counterterrorism. *International Security*, *36*(4), 9-46.
- Raleigh, C., Linke, A., Hegre, H. & Karlsen, J. (2010). Introducing ACLED: An armed conflict location and event dataset. *Journal of Peace Research*, 47(5), 651-660.
- Sageman, M. (2008). Leaderless Jihad. Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania Press.
- Sageman, M. (2014). The stagnation in terrorism research. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(4), 565-580.
- Sciolino, E. & Schmitt, E (2008). A not very private feud over terrorism. *The New York Times*, June 8.
- Walther, O. J. & Christopoulos, D. (2015). Islamic terrorism and the Malian rebellion. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 27(3), 497-519.

Software

Students must have their own laptop or desktop computer. We will work with two programs (Excel, ArcGIS) available on <u>UF Apps</u>. The students are responsible for installing the software on their own computer or accessing UF Apps. The instructor cannot be held responsible for any damage or malfunction resulting from the installation or use of the programs.

Other information

Please review the University's policies regarding <u>student conduct and conflict resolution</u>, available through the Dean of Students Office <u>website</u>. Any violations of the Student Honor Code will result in a failing grade for the course and referral to Student Judicial Affairs.

A course description is available here: https://one.ufl.edu/soc/

Books and articles can be accessed using UF's Libraries: http://cms.uflib.ufl.edu/. To find a scientific journal, please go to Journals of use Google Scholar.

The course is delivered in person. It includes lectures, discussions, tutorial exercises, and case studies. Requirements for class attendance and make-up exams, assignments, and other work in this course are consistent with <u>university policies</u>.

Students with disabilities requesting accommodations should first register with the <u>Disability</u> <u>Resource Center</u> (352-392-8565) by providing appropriate documentation. Once registered, students will receive an accommodation letter, which must be presented to the instructor when requesting accommodation. Students with disabilities should follow this procedure as early as possible in the semester.

Students are expected to provide feedback on the quality of instruction in this course by completing online evaluations. Evaluations are typically open during the last two or three weeks of the semester, but students will be given specific times when they are open. Summary results of these assessments are available to students at https://gatorevals.aa.ufl.edu/

Students are allowed to record video or audio of class lectures. However, the purposes for which these recordings may be used are strictly controlled. The only allowable purposes are (1) for personal educational use, (2) in connection with a complaint to the university, or (3) as evidence in, or in preparation for, a criminal or civil proceeding. All other purposes are prohibited. Specifically, students may not publish recorded lectures without the written consent of the instructor. For additional information, please visit the <u>University website</u>.

This syllabus represents current plans and objectives. As the semester proceeds, those plans may need to change to enhance the class and student learning opportunity. Such changes, communicated clearly, are not unusual and should be expected.