FLOODS SEMINAR (GEO 6348) FALL 2013
MWF 4 (10:40-11:30)

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CATALOG DESCRIPTION: Examines the world’s most extreme floods from the Pleistocene through present due to various causes. Discusses physical and human aspects of flood warning, preparedness, response and recovery throughout the world.

COURSE OBJECTIVES INCLUDE:

- Understanding of the causes of floods including excessive precipitation, excessive snowmelt, climatic oscillations, tsunamis, coastal storm surges, glacial lake outburst floods (GLOFs), ice jams, landslides, natural dam failures and other physical processes. Floods are also caused or augmented by failures, overtopping, mismanagement or intentional destruction of constructed dams and artificial levees and floodwalls.

- Examining methods for assessing paleofloods, paleoclimate and historical change with PSI-SWD-(paleostage indicators slack water deposits) and varied geologic and chronologic techniques (radiocarbon dating, tephrachronology, dendrochronology, radiometric methods), remote sensing for interpreting landscapes and change; Use of GIS and GPS for flood response, recovery and mitigation including search and rescue, flood frequency analysis, hydrologic modeling, and floodplain mapping

- Knowing that values, attitudes and norms of different cultures and nationalities affect flood decisions and responses. Extreme floods are influenced by settlement choices, land use change, governmental behaviors, and public education about disasters. Individuals of different nationality, age, culture, gender, race, and income may be disproportionately and differentially affected by floods in terms of lives, homelessness, displacement, and property damage due to variations in vulnerability and resilience in differing parts of the world.

- Examining problems beyond direct inundation including the erosion done by water, the debris brought in by water, ensuing famines, the spread of disease due to poor drinking water, disrupted sanitation facilities, inadequate and dysfunctional medical care, contamination of water (sewage, dam failures at mines), etc.

- Considering varied outcomes of floods and lessons learned. Discussing how floods have influenced history, culture, art, music, historic preservation, race relations, migration patterns, crime and crime-control attempts, mental health, seismology, animals, agriculture, livelihoods, engineering, policy, relief efforts, fund raising, tourism and more. Some stories regarding public education, advertising, memorializing, policy, government conflicts, and engineering.

DISCLAIMER/WARNING

Please use your judgment as to whether the content of this course is suitable given your history, background and personality, especially if you have experienced trauma or distress due to a disaster. I do not focus on the negative aspects of floods, but we view some documentaries and witness accounts of recent floods that are sad or disturbing.

GRADING SCALE
A = 90 or above; A- = 88-89.9; B+ = 86-87.9; B = 80-85.9; B- = 78-79.9; C+ = 76-77.9;
C = 70-75.9; C- = 68-69.9; D+ = 66-67.9; D = 60-65.9; D- = 58-59.9; E = < 58
https://catalog.ufl.edu/ugrad/current/regulations/info/grades.aspx

NO CLASSES: Monday, September 2: Labor Day; Friday & Monday, November 8 &11: Homecoming & V-day; Wednesday-Friday November 27-29: Thanksgiving
BASIC TEACHING APPROACH

- Some readings, posted on Sakai (no $ out of pocket for books)
- Want to create a positive learning environment
- Content and teaching style appeals most to visual and kinesthetic/experiential learners
- Big believer in resource availability, all Power Points posted on Sakai; Use them
- I ask open questions in class to help in retention, learning and thinking
- Bring your questions to assist in understanding and recollection
- Attendance, responsible behavior and engagement encouraged by in-class work
- Some in-class discussion after shorter videos
- Some Sakai discussion, posting, thinking
- Many items graded (more than 15). You will not be anonymous.
- If you tend to miss classes, want to be anonymous, or prefer exams to assignments, consider dropping this class in favor of one more suited to your learning style

ASSIGNMENTS, ATTENDANCE AND MAKE-UP POLICY

Class attendance is required, with exceptions given in the university policy on attendance. https://catalog.ufl.edu/ugrad/current/regulations/info/attendance.aspx

MINI (MOSTLY IN-CLASS) ASSIGNMENTS

One type of in-class assignment will be answering questions about documentaries or videos of floods associated with a variety of causes. Soon after class begins, the door will be closed as to not have distractions during the movie, so it is important to be on time. These answer sheets will be turned in at the end of class (worth 1-3 pts. each, will be specified). After they are returned, keep these to help with your exam review. Remaining assignments will include participation in Sakai discussions and in-class small group work, and short take-home assignments designed to assist in learning terminology, thinking skills, concepts and questioning (35 pts.)

PLEISTOCENE AND EARLY HOLOCENE EXAM

The exam will consist of multiple choice questions. A review will be held the class before with some sample questions. It will be given near Week 6 of the semester in early October after these units are competed, 40 question multiple choice (20 pts.)

TOPICAL FLOOD RESEARCH: Relate Extreme Floods to something of a topical nature such as: Art Inspired from Extreme Floods, Calculating Economic Costs of Extreme Floods, Pets and Extreme floods, The Elderly and Floods, Disease and Extreme Floods, Mental Health and Extreme Floods, Hospitals and Extreme Floods, Schools and Extreme Floods, Engineering for Extreme Floods, Climate Change and Extreme floods, Children and Extreme Floods, Water Contamination and Extreme Floods, Fires and Floods: How are they connected?, Recovery from Extreme Floods, Homelessness and Extreme Floods, Humanitarian Assistance and Extreme Floods, Housing and Extreme Floods, Vegetation Changes from Extreme Floods, Construction and Extreme Floods, Planning and Extreme Floods, Music Inspired from Extreme Floods, Ancient Civilizations and Extreme Floods, Race and Extreme Floods, Poverty and Extreme Floods, Dysfunctional Governments and Extreme Floods, Geomorphology and Extreme Floods, Livestock and Extreme Floods, Cropland and Extreme Floods, Donations and Extreme Floods, Migration following Extreme Floods, Memorializing Victims of Extreme Floods, Mapping of Extreme Floods, Boats and Extreme Floods, etc. (see me if considering another potential topic) Draw from multiple events, and include at examples from outside the U.S. Submit 10-12 page double-spaced paper with at least 10 references from refereed journals (discussed in class). Maps and graphics are a part of the grade but are not included in the page length. The grading rubric is as follows: 10% originality (look at examples and topics discussed outside of class, 20% breadth and depth of research (do not focus on one flood, compare your topic across different events and locations), 20% organization and structure including use of subheadings, 20% writing quality and grammar, 10% use of maps, data, tables and graphics, 20% quality and quantity of references and citations. Due mid-November (20 pts.)

EXAM 2: MODERN FLOODS

Given last week of class. A fun review will be held the class before with some sample questions. Not comprehensive, 40 question multiple choice (20 pts.)
**PARTICIPATION:** The class experience is improved with your involvement, questions, and interaction (5 pts.). (5=Student is engaged in class discussion and/or activity by appropriately adding to the class’s learning during all class sessions.). Infrequent attendance will affect participation grade.

**GENERAL OUTLINE: COURSE TOPICS**

**Weeks 1, 2 and 3: Background and Overview**
- Introduction to Class and Class Environment
- Physical Causes of Floods:
  - What is a flood?
  - How are they measured?
  - What are some important floods in the geologic past and their effects?
  - How do we know about their magnitude, causes and dates?
  - What are the physical causes of extreme floods?
- Floods and Society:
  - How do humans affect floods?
  - What are some important historical floods and their impacts?
  - How can humans best manage floods and other disasters?
  - Who is most affected by extreme floods?
- Discovery Channel Flood movie (global coverage)

**Readings that Provide Background on Floods**


**Weekly topics...may change slightly or be reduced**

**Weeks 3, 4 and 5: Some Pleistocene Megafloods**
- Discussion of the Pleistocene and climate change
- Glacial Lake Missoula; dry falls, megaripples: Mystery of Megaflood movie
- Lake Bonneville and its lake basin overflow floods
- Megafloods making island Britain through the English channel

**Readings about Pleistocene Floods (Pick 2 from list)**


Weeks 6 and 7: Some Megafloods of the Holocene to the Modern (1800 A.D.)
- Aniakchak, Alaska caldera breach 3500 BP (aprx. 2000 BC)
- Repeat floods in the Netherlands dating back more than 2 millenia
- Columbia River Landslide dam failure, circa 1450 AD or 1700 AD?
- Possibly linked to 1700 tsunami Japan
- 1755 - Lisbon, Portugal tsunami (earthquake & fires, too), birth of seismology compared to Japan 2011 tsunami & nuclear disaster

Readings about Holocene to Modern (pre-1800) floods (Pick 2 from list)

Review and Exam 1: Overview, Pleistocene and Holocene floods
Target Date: early October (Wednesday October 2)

Weeks 8, 9 and 10: Modern Megafloods of Marine, Lacustrine or Mixed Origin
- Vulnerable places with multiple flood drivers
  - Venice, Italy: a sinking city with sea level rise, [Venice movie]
  - New Orleans: the soup-bowl, Hurricane Katrina 2005 and [NOVA movie]
  - Bangladesh: a country of poverty, bank erosion, and floods
  - Contrast of physically vulnerable nations across the world and the role of social factors
- Tsunamis, Coastal Storm Surges, and Lowland Lake Floods
  - Galveston 1900, bad forecasting, changed fate of Texas towns
  - The Okeechobee Florida Hurricane of 1928, race & memorials
  - The Great Hurricane of 1938, NE U.S., [American Experience movie]
  - North Sea, Europe 1953 winter storm flood
  - Lituya Bay, Alaska megatsunami, 1958: a > 500m landslide splash
  - Indian Ocean 2004 tsunami and [NOVA movie]: A worldwide killer
- Comparative discussion of how different countries facing the Indian, Pacific and Atlantic Oceans have responded differently to tsunamis and cyclones based on cultural differences and global inequality in a variety of factors ([http://ucatlas.ucsc.edu/](http://ucatlas.ucsc.edu/))

Readings about Marine, Lacustrine or Mixed Megafloods (Pick 2 from list)
Cannon Terry, 2002, Gender and Climate Hazards in Bangladesh. [Gender and Development], Vol. 10, No. 2, pp. 45-50
Miller, D.J., 1960, Giant Waves in Lituya Bay, Alaska; U S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 354-C [http://www.uwsp.edu/geo/projects/geoweb/participants/dutch/LituyaBay/Lituya0.HTM]
Weeks 11, 12 and 13: Some Modern Megafloods along Rivers
  o Big Rivers-Big Floods
    ▪ Mississippi Flood of 1927: mass migration, Frontline movie
    ▪ Yellow River (Huang He) floods: Lindbergh & 1-4 million dead
    ▪ Yangtze River floods in 1998 and more: 14 million homeless
    ▪ Comparing how differing nations plan for and respond to floods on big rivers:
      issues include global inequality, illiteracy, cultural adaptation, governmental
      suppression, land availability, disease and more
  o Catastrophic Dam Failures/Overtopping/Mismanagement
    ▪ Johnstown Flood 1889, the Red Cross effort and Johnston flood
    ▪ Malpasset France in 1959, arch dam safety, disaster tourism movie
    ▪ Vaiont disaster, Italy 1963, landslide overtopping-know geology video
    ▪ Florence, 1966; Flooded works=mud angels and historic preservation
    ▪ An international view of dam failures, varied local reactions and global effects
  o Catastrophic Levee and Floodwall Failures
    ▪ Red River (ND, MN, Canada) flood from snowmelt, 1997 and more
  o Intentional Floods
    ▪ Blowing up dams and dikes in wartime (By allied forces in Germany, by
      Germans in Netherlands, by Chinese in China)
    ▪ Dynamiting levees: flooding rural areas to save cities (China, U.S)
    ▪ Dam-building/flooding >1 million people, Yangtze-Three Gorges, 2000-
    ▪ Comparing perspectives of differing nations on intentional floods, especially
      those associated with dam building and forced displacement of its citizens

Readings Regarding Modern River Megafloods (Pick book or 2 articles from list)

Barry, John M. 1998, Rising Tide: The Great Mississippi Flood of 1927 and How It Changed America
(Paperback) by Publisher: Simon & Schuster Paperback: 528 pages, Language: English, ISBN:
0684840022

Hongfu Yin, Changan Li 2001. Human impact on floods and flood disasters on the Yangtze River.
Geomorphology 41: 105–109

No. 1, pp. 27~34.

Topical Flood Research Paper Due (see assignments section) mid-November

Week 14: "What If" Floods: Might Have Been/Might Become
  o Might Have Been a Mega flood
    ▪ Mississippi-Atchafalaya 1973 (McPhee.The Control of Nature)
    ▪ China and averting floods from earthquake landslide lakes 2008
  o Might Become a Mega flood
    ▪ Usoi Dam/Sarez Lake, Murghab River, Tajikistan, 1911 and holding
    ▪ Three Gorges dam (Yangtze, China) landslides and seismic activity
  o Comparing how different nations and cultures are (not) preparing for what-if floods

Readings for What-If Floods

McPhee, John, 1987 Atchafalaya in The Control of Nature (Paperback) and The New Yorker
http://www.newyorker.com/archive/1987/02/23/1987_02_23_039_TNY_CARDS_000347146


Reviewing and Exam 2
  Target Date: Friday, November 21 or Wednesday, December 4
Week 15: Speculation, The Future of Flooding
- Flood warning and preparedness: How has it changed and can it be improved?
- Flood response and recovery: How has it changed and can it be improved?
- Flood insurance/FEMA: videos
- Floodplain management: Where are we and others?
- Floods: climate change, sea level rise, land use change and settlement trends
- Lessons learned from floods across the world
- Insights and uncertainties about flooding: global inequality and more

Readings Regarding Flood Management

HONOR CODE: UF students are bound by The Honor Pledge which states, “We, the members of the University of Florida community, pledge to hold ourselves and our peers to the highest standards of honor and integrity by abiding by the Honor Code.” On all work submitted for credit by students at the University of Florida, the following pledge is either required or implied: “On my honor, I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid in doing this assignment.” The Honor Code (http://www.dso.ufl.edu/sccr/process/student-conduct-honor-code/) specifies a number of behaviors that are in violation of this code and the possible sanctions. Furthermore, you are obligated to report any condition that facilitates academic misconduct to appropriate personnel. If you have any questions or concerns, please consult with the instructor of this class.

STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES AND OTHER CONCERNS
"Students requesting classroom accommodation must first register with the Dean of Students Office. The Dean of Students Office will provide documentation to the student who must then provide this documentation to the Instructor when requesting accommodation. Please be aware that the University Counseling Center (392-1575, http://www.counseling.ufl.edu/cwc/Default.aspx), the Student Health Care Center (392-1161) and Student Mental Health (392-1171) can assist students as they work through personal, academic and social issues. Please take care of your health. Provide advance notice and obtain documentation for excused absences where possible. If needed, University Police Department can be contacted at 392-1111 or Dial 9-1-1 for emergencies. Please minimize distractions to yourself and others during class time (cell phones off, no ancillary conversations, quiet typing only).

EVALUATIONS: Students are expected to provide feedback on the quality of instruction in this course based on 10 criteria. These evaluations are conducted online at https://evaluations.ufl.edu Evaluations are typically open during the last two or three weeks of the semester, but students will be given specific times when they are open. Summary results of these assessments are available to students at https://evaluations.ufl.edu/results